



PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
CCP-47N	Commercial Latching TRANSFER, DC-3GHz, Low PIM
<p>These switches are designed to have extremely low passive intermodulation for use in narrow bandwidth communications applications. The CCP-47N is a transfer, electromechanical, coaxial switch designed to switch a microwave signal from a common input to either of two outputs. The characteristic impedance is 50 Ohms and is suitable to systems from DC-3GHz.</p> <p>The CCP-47N series switch is offered with a latching actuator. The CCP-47N series switch is interchangeable with a variety of switches.</p>	



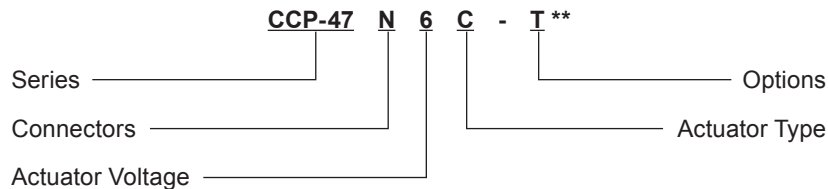
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Operating Temperature	-25°C to 65°C
Vibration (MIL-STD-202 Method 214, Condition D, non-operating)	10 g's RMS
Shock (MIL-STD-202 Method 213, Condition D, non-operating)	500 g's
Standard Actuator Life	1,000,000 cycles
Connector Type	Type N
Humidity (Moisture Seal)	Available
Weight	6 oz. (170.1g) (max.)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Form Factor	TRANSFER, break before make
Frequency Range	DC–3 GHz
Characteristic Impedance	50 Ohms
Switching Time	20 ms (max.)
Recovery Time	100 ms (min.)
Cycle Rate	2 CPS (max.)
Actuation Voltage Available	12 15 24 28 V
Actuation Current, max. @ ambient	160 130 80 60 mA

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS	
Frequency	DC–3 GHz
Insertion Loss, dB, max.	0.3
Isolation, dB, min.	70
VSWR, max.	1.30:1
RF Power (cw), W, max.	200

PASSIVE INTERMODULATION CHARACTERISTICS			
Tone 1 Frequency (MHz)	Tone 2 Frequency (MHz)	IM3 Frequency (MHz)	PIM Threshold (dBc)
1945	1990	1900	-140.0
P1 P2 (dBm)	PIM (dBc)	PEAK PIM (dBc)	
43	161.8	159.2	

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM



Connector
N: Type N Female

Actuator Voltage
6: 28 Vdc Latching
7: 15 Vdc Latching
8: 12 Vdc Latching
9: 24 Vdc Latching

Actuator Type
0: Standard Contacts
C: Indicator Contacts
D: Self Cutoff Only
E: Indicators and Self Cutoff

Options
T: TTL Drivers with Diodes
D: Transient Suppression Diodes
R: Positive + Common
M: Moisture Seal
S: 9 Pin D-Sub Connector

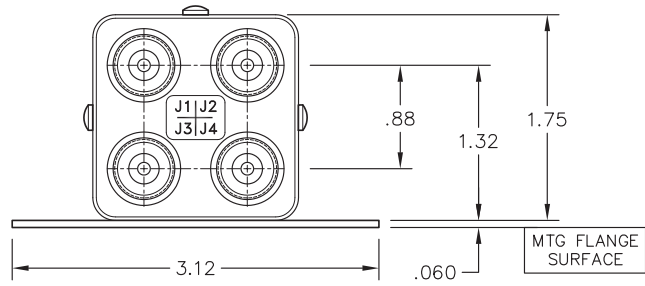
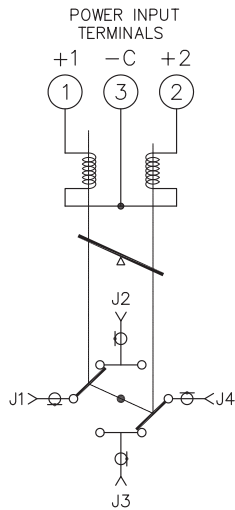
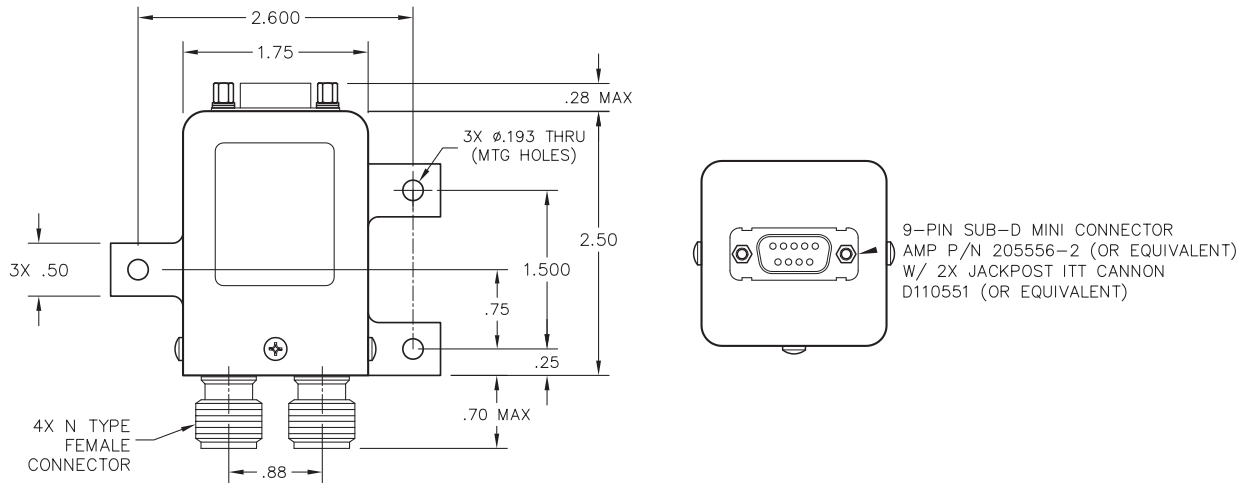
**SEE PARTS LIST ON PAGES 6

For additional options, contact factory.

Series CCP-47N
 Low PIM DC-3 GHz
 Latching TRANSFER Coaxial Switch



SCHEMATICS AND MECHANICAL OUTLINE

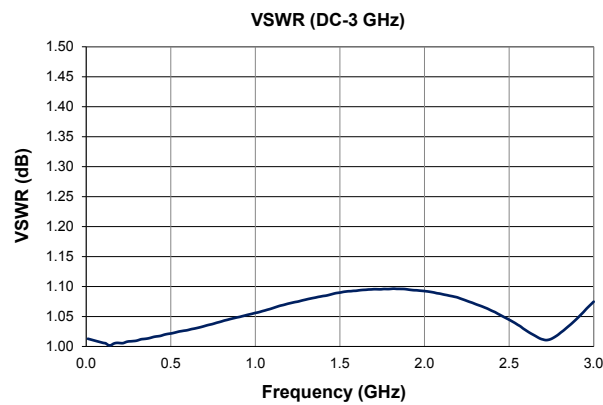
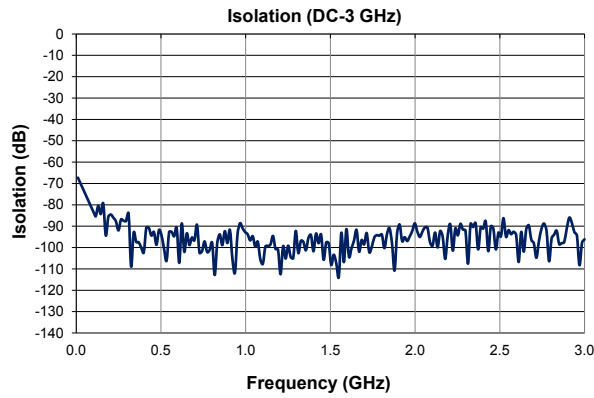
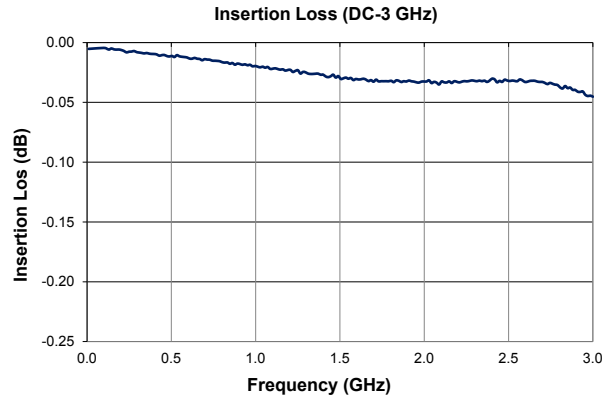


“-S OPTION” 9-PIN D-SUB CONNECTOR (EXAMPLE: CCP-47N60-S)

9 PIN D-SUB PINOUT FOR LATCHING TRANSFER				
Pin No.	OPTIONS			
	Basic	Indicators	TTL	Indicators & TTL
1	1	1		
2	2	2		
3	C	C	Common	Common
4			1	1
5			2	2
6			Vsw	Vsw
7		A		A
8		B		B
9		C		C

TRUTH TABLE (with TTL option)						
Logic Input		RF Path			Indicator (if applicable)	
1	2	1-2	1-3	2-4	3-4	A B
0	0	No Change			N/A	
1	0	Off	On	On	Off	A & C
0	1	On	Off	Off	On	B & C
1	1	Forbidden			N/A	

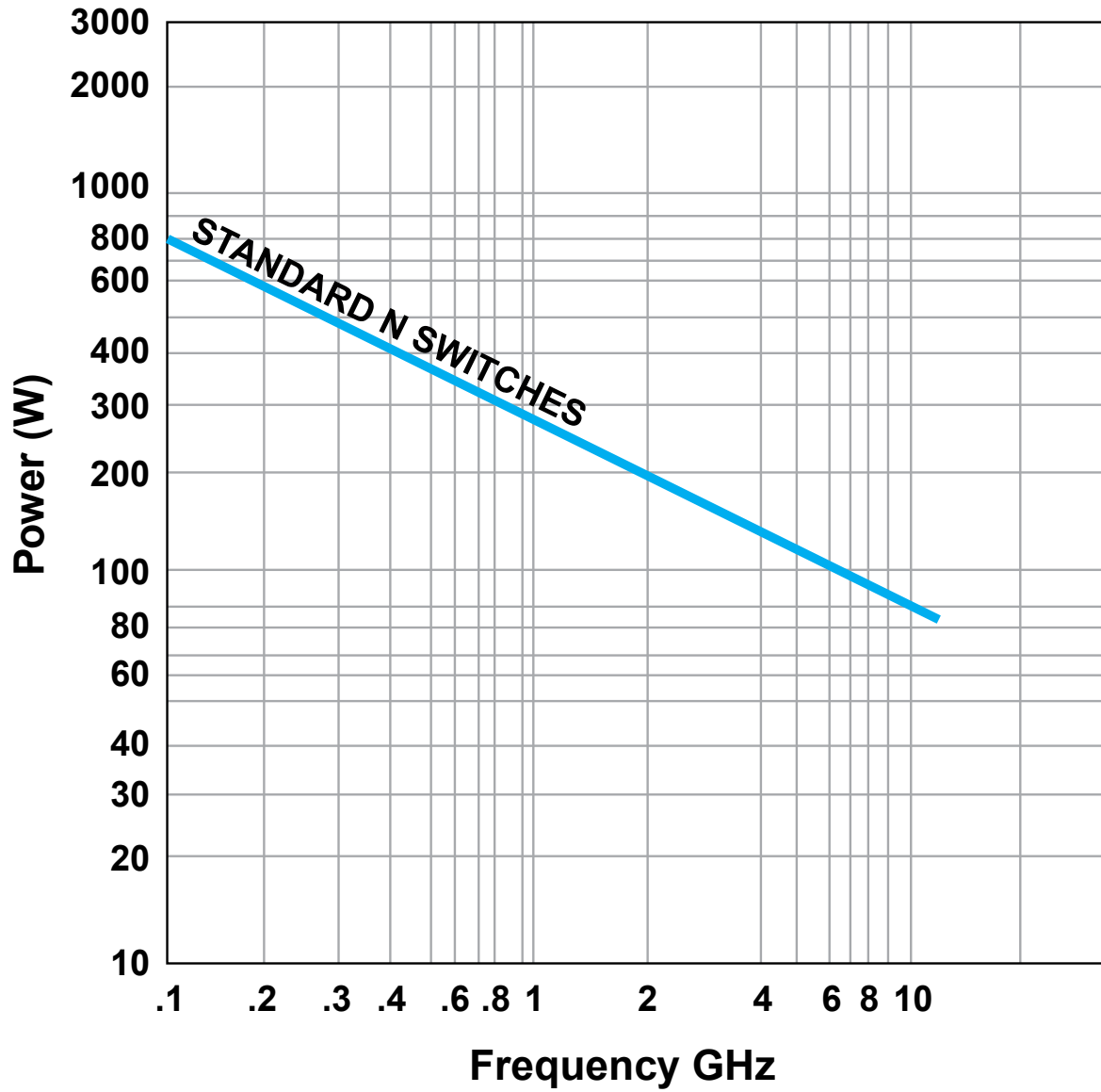
TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF INSERTION LOSS PERFORMANCE CURVES



RF NOTES

TYPICAL POWER PERFORMANCE CURVE

Power Handling vs. Frequency



Estimates based on the following reference conditions:

- Ambient temperature of 40°C or less
- Sea level operation
- Load VSWR of 1.30:1 maximum
- No high-power (hot) switching

Please contact Teledyne Coax Switches for derating factors when applications do not meet the foregoing reference conditions.

GLOSSARY

Actuator

An actuator is the electromechanical mechanism that transfers the RF contacts from one position to another upon DC command.

Arc Suppression Diode

A diode is connected in parallel with the coil. This diode limits the “reverse EMF spike” generated when the coil de-energizes to 0.7 volts. The diode cathode is connected to the positive side of the coil and the anode is connected to the negative side.

Date Code

All switches are marked with either a unique serial number or a date code. Date codes are in accordance with MIL-STD-1285 Paragraph 5.2.5 and consist of four digits. The first two digits define the year and the last two digits define the week of the year (YYWW). Thus, 1032 identifies switches that passed through final inspection during the 32nd week of 2010.

Latching

A latching switch remains in the selected position whether or not voltage is maintained. This can be accomplished with either a magnetic or mechanical latching mechanism.

Indicator

Indicators tell the system which position the switch is in. Other names for indicators are telemetry contacts or tellback circuit. Indicators are usually a set of internally mounted DC contacts linked to the actuator. They can be wired to digital input lines, status lights, or interlocks. Unless otherwise specified, the maximum indicator contact rating is 30 Vdc, 50 mA, or 1.5 Watts into a resistive load.

Isolation

Isolation is the measure of the power level at the output connector of an unconnected RF channel as referenced to the power at the input connector. It is specified in dB below the input power level.

Self-Cutoff

The self-cutoff option disables the actuator current on completion of actuation. Either a series contact (linked to the actuator) or an IC driver circuit provides the current cutoff. This option results in minimum power consumption by the RF switch. Cutthroat is another name used in the industry for this option. Pulse latching is a term used to describe a switch without this feature.

TRANSFER Switch

A four-port switch consisting of two independent pairs of RF paths. These pairs are actuated simultaneously. This actuation is similar to that of a double-pole double-throw switch.

Switching Time

Switching time is the total interval beginning with the arrival of the leading edge of the command pulse at the switch DC

input and ending with the completion of the switch transfer, including contact bounce. It consists of three parts: (1) inductive delay in the coil, (2) transfer time of the physical movement of the contacts, and (3) the bounce time of the RF contacts.

TTL Switch Driver Option

As a special option, switch drivers can be provided for both failsafe and latching switches, which are compatible with industry-standard low-power Schottky TTL circuits.

Performance Parameters vs Frequency

Generally speaking, the RF performance of coaxial switches is frequency dependent. With increasing frequency, VSWR and insertion loss increase while isolation decreases. All data sheets specify these three parameters as “worst case” at the highest operating frequency. If the switch is to be used over a narrow frequency band, better performance can be achieved.

Actuator Current vs Temperature

The resistance of the actuator coil varies as a function of temperature. There is an inverse relationship between the operating temperature of the switch and the actuator drive current. For switches operating at 28 VDC, the approximate actuator drive current at temperature, T, can be calculated using the equation:

$$I_T = \frac{I_A}{[1 + .00385 (T-20)]}$$

Where:

I_T = Actuator current at temperature, T

I_A = Room temperature actuator current – see data sheet

T = Temperature of interest in °C

Magnetic Sensitivity

An electro-mechanical switch can be sensitive to ferrous materials and external magnetic fields. Neighboring ferrous materials should be permitted no closer than 0.5 inches and adjacent external magnetic fields should be limited to a flux density of less than 5 Gauss.

SPECIAL FEATURE

Switching High-Power or Highly Sensitive Signals

Ensure the most linear response with the best galvanically matched contact system in the industry. Extremely low passive intermodulation is standard on all of our switches.

Carrier Frequency 1	Carrier Frequency 2	PIM 3rd Order Frequency	PIM 5th Order Frequency
870 MHz	893 MHz	847 MHz	824 MHz

	3rd Order Intermodulation	5th Order Intermodulation
Transfer	–103 dBm	–123 dBm
	–146 dBc	–165 dBc

Series CCP-47N
 Low PIM DC–3 GHz
 Latching TRANSFER Coaxial Switch



LATCHING CCP-47N PART NUMBER LIST

	PART No.		PART No.
1	CCP-47NXC	43	CCP-47NX0
2	CCP-47NXC-D	44	CCP-47NX0-D
3	CCP-47NXC-DM	45	CCP-47NX0-DM
4	CCP-47NXC-DMS	46	CCP-47NX0-DMS
5	CCP-47NXC-DR	47	CCP-47NX0-DR
6	CCP-47NXC-DRM	48	CCP-47NX0-DRM
7	CCP-47NXC-DRMS	49	CCP-47NX0-DRMS
8	CCP-47NXC-DRS	50	CCP-47NX0-DRS
9	CCP-47NXC-DS	51	CCP-47NX0-DS
10	CCP-47NXC-M	52	CCP-47NX0-M
11	CCP-47NXC-MS	53	CCP-47NX0-MS
12	CCP-47NXC-R	54	CCP-47NX0-R
13	CCP-47NXC-RM	55	CCP-47NX0-RM
14	CCP-47NXC-RMS	56	CCP-47NX0-RMS
15	CCP-47NXC-RS	57	CCP-47NX0-RS
16	CCP-47NXC-S	58	CCP-47NX0-S
17	CCP-47NXC-T	59	CCP-47NX0-T
18	CCP-47NXC-TM	60	CCP-47NX0-TM
19	CCP-47NXC-TMS	61	CCP-47NX0-TMS
20	CCP-47NXC-TS	62	CCP-47NX0-TS
21	CCP-47NXD		
22	CCP-47NXD-M		
23	CCP-47NXD-MS		
24	CCP-47NXD-R		
25	CCP-47NXD-RM		
26	CCP-47NXD-RMS		
27	CCP-47NXD-RS		
28	CCP-47NXD-S		
29	CCP-47NXD-T		
30	CCP-47NXD-TM		
31	CCP-47NXD-TMS		
32	CCP-47NXE		
33	CCP-47NXE-M		
34	CCP-47NXE-MS		
35	CCP-47NXE-R		
36	CCP-47NXE-RM		
37	CCP-47NXE-RMS		
38	CCP-47NXE-RS		
39	CCP-47NXE-S		
40	CCP-47NXE-T		
41	CCP-47NXE-TM		
42	CCP-47NXE-TMS		

* X = 6 (28Vdc), 7 (15Vdc), 8 (12Vdc) and 9 (24Vdc)