Series CCRT-50U

DC-52 GHz, Terminated Latching SPDT Coaxial Switch

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION		
CCRT-50U	DC-52 GHz Internally Terminated SPDT Latching Coaxial Switch		
CRT-50U	Elite, DC-52 GHz, Internally Terminated ,SPDT Latching Coaxial Switch		

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CCRT-50U is an internally terminated, broadband, SPDT, electromechanical coaxial switch designed to switch a microwave signal from a common input to either of two outputs. This switch is designed to operate in the frequency range from DC to 52 GHz featuring excellent RF and mechanical performance with broadband operation, high isolation and low insertion loss. CCRT-50U switches incorporate 2.4 mm high performance connectors and are compatible with two most common mounting hole patterns which make them interchangeable with a wide variety of switches. The characteristic impedance is 50Ω . Internal terminations provide an impedance match for the unselected port, making it ideal for applications where port matching is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS				
Storage Temperature	–55°C to 90°C			
Operating Temperature CCRT-50U CRT-50U CRT-50U w/ indicator contacts	–25°C to 65°C –55°C to 85°C –45°C to 85°C			
Vibration ¹ , 10 ~ 2000 Hz, 300 s MIL-STD-202 Method 204, Condition C	10 G peak			
Shock, Half-Sine Pulse MIL-STD-202 Method 213, Condition D	500 G peak			
Moisture Resistance ²	95% RH Non-condensing			
Mechanical Life	5,000,000 cycles (min)			
Mechanical Life w/ Additional Features	1,000,000 cycles (min)			
Connector Type	2.4 mm (U)			
Weight	2.3 oz approx. (65 g)			

- 1. Non-operating
- 2. When moisture seal option is selected

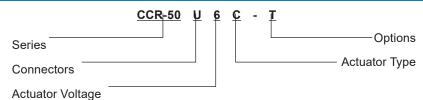
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS					
RF Contacts	Break before make				
Frequency Range	DC – 52 GHz				
Characteristic Impedance	50Ω				
Terminations	50Ω, 2 Watts CW max				
Switching Time	20 ms max				
Actuation Voltage (VDC) 20°C	12 15 24 28				
Actuation Current (mA)	420 350 230 200				
TTL/Decoders Voltage/Current ¹ Low Level (Logic 0) High Level (Logic 1)	0.0 ~ 0.7 V / 3.2 mA Max at 0.7 V 2.4 ~ 5.5 V / 80 μA Max at 2.4 V				
Indicator Contact Rating ²	30 Vdc, 50 mA max				
Magnetic Sensitivity	5 Gauss, 0.5 inch max				

- 1. For switches with TTL driver or decoder
- 2. For switches with indicator

RF CHARACTERISTIC	F CHARACTERISTICS					
Frequency	DC-6 GHz	6-18 GHz	18-26.5 GHz	26.5-40 GHz	40-50 GHz	50-52 GHz
Insertion Loss (max)	0.2 dB	0.3 dB	0.6 dB	0.6 dB	1.1 dB	1.3 dB
Isolation (min)	80 dB	70 dB	70 dB	70 dB	50 dB	50 dB
VSWR (max)	1.2:1	1.3:1	1.6:1	1.6:1	1.8:1	2.2:1

Please see charts on page 3.

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM



Connectors 2.4 mm (U) Female

Actuator Voltages

6: 28 VDC

7: 15 VDC

8: 12 VDC

9: 24 VDC

Actuator Types

0: Standard Contacts

C: Indicator Contacts

D: Self Cut-Off

E: Indicator Contacts and Self Cut-Off

Available Options

- D: Transient Suppression Diodes
- T: TTL Driver with Diodes
- R: Positive (+) Common or Reverse Polarity
- M: Moisture Resistant
- S: 9-Pin D-Sub Connector (Male)

Please feel free to contact us for more information regarding additional options and custom configurations.

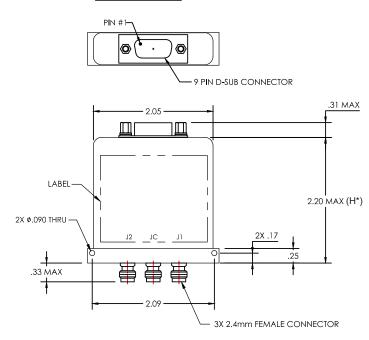
CCRT-50U\112021

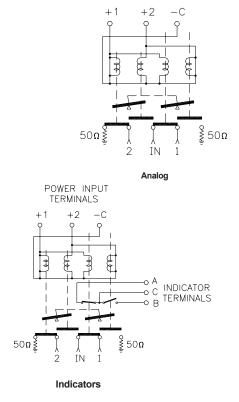
POWER INPUT TERMINALS

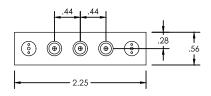


SCHEMATICS AND MECHANICAL OUTLINE

D-Sub Model*







*Height H will change based on options selected

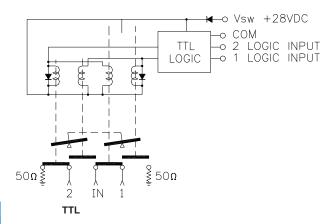
 \mathbf{H} = 1.86 max for standard model with no options

H = 1.86 max with Indicators/ Self Cut-off / TTL

H = 2.20 max with D-Sub Connector

- Contact factory for additional model outlines

9 PIN D-SUB PINOUT							
	OPTIONS						
Pin No.	Basic	Indicators	TTL	Indicators & TTL			
1	1	1					
2	2	2					
3	-C	-C	COM	COM			
4			1	1			
5			2	2			
6			VSW	VSW			
7		Α		А			
8		В		В			
9		С		С			

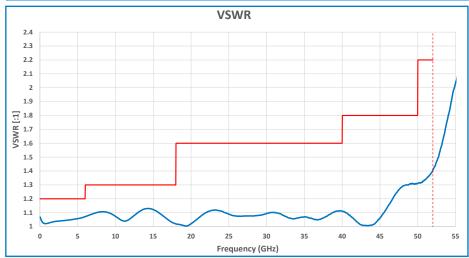


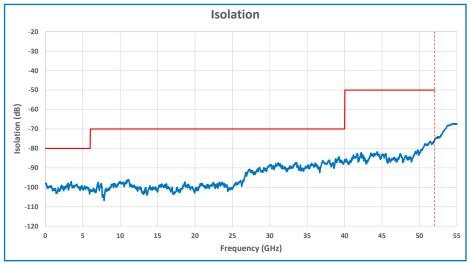
TRUTH TABLE (w/ TTL Option)					
Logic Input		RF Path	•	Indicator (if applicable)	
1	2	IN IN to 1	<i>!</i>	А В	
0	0	No Change			
1	0	On Off		0	
0	1	Off On) C	
1	1	Forbidden			

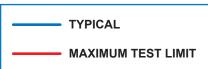


RF PERFORMANCE CURVES



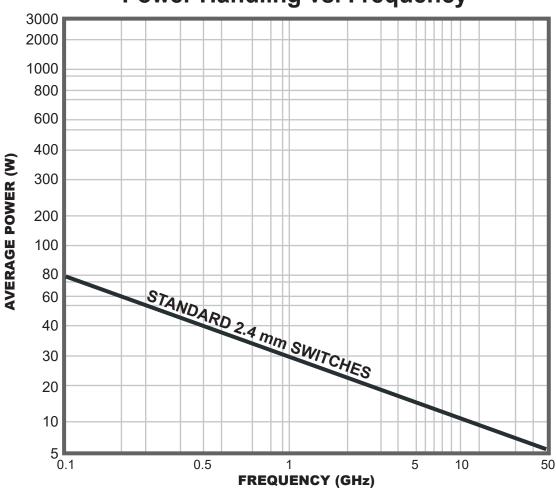




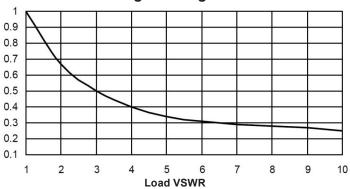


POWER PERFORMANCE CURVE

Power Handling vs. Frequency



Power Handling Derating vs. Load VSWR



Estimates based on the following reference conditions:

- Ambient temperature of 40°C or less
- Sea level operation
- · Load VSWR of 1.20:1 maximum
- · No high-power (hot) switching

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GLOSSARY

Actuator

An actuator is the electromechanical mechanism that transfers the RF contacts from one position to another upon DC command.

Arc Suppression Diode

A diode is connected in parallel with the coil. This diode limits the "reverse EMF spike" generated when the coil de-energizes to 0.7 volts. The diode cathode is connected to the positive side of the coil and the anode is connected to the negative side.

Date Code

All switches are marked with either a unique serial number or a date code. Date codes are in accordance with MIL-STD-1285 Paragraph 5.2.5 and consist of four digits. The first two digits define the year and the last two digits define the week of the year (YYWW). Thus, 1032 identifies switches that passed through final inspection during the 32nd week of 2010.

Fail-safe

A fail-safe switch reverts to the default or fail-safe position when actuating voltage is removed. This is realized by a return spring within the drive mechanism. This type of switch requires the continuous application of operating voltage to select and hold any position. (Multi-position switches are normally open with no voltage applied).

Latching

A latching switch remains in the selected position whether or not voltage is maintained. This can be accomplished with either a magnetic or mechanical latching mechanism.

Indicator

Indicators tell the system which position the switch is in. Other names for indicators are telemetry contacts or tell back circuit. Indicators are usually a set of internally mounted DC contacts linked to the actuator. They can be wired to digital input lines, status lights, or interlocks. Unless otherwise specified, the maximum indicator contact rating is 30 Vdc, 50 mA, or 1.5 Watts into a resistive load.

Internal Termination

Unselected ports are internally terminated to a matched load. The load is 50Ω resistive device. The max RF power rating is 2 Watts CW. Without the internal termination option, the unselected ports are open circuits.

Isolation

Isolation is the measure of the power level at the output connector of an unconnected RF channel as referenced to the power at the input connector. It is specified in dB below the input power level.

Self-Cutoff

The self-cutoff option disables the actuator current on completion of actuation. Either a series contact (linked to the actuator) or an IC driver circuit provides the current cutoff. This option results in minimum power consumption by the RF switch. Cutthroat is another name used in the industry for this option. Pulse latching is a term used to describe a switch without this feature.

SPDT Switch

A single-pole-double-throw, has one input and two output ports.

Switching Time

Switching time is the total interval beginning with the arrival of the leading edge of the command pulse at the switch DC input and ending with the completion of the switch transfer, including contact bounce. It consists of three parts: (1) inductive delay in the coil, (2) transfer time of the physical movement of the contacts, and (3) the bounce time of the RF contacts.

TTL Switch Driver Option

As a special option, switch drivers can be provided for both fail-safe and latching switches, which are compatible with industry-standard low-power Schottky TTL circuits.

Performance Parameters vs Frequency

Generally speaking, the RF performance of coaxial switches is frequency dependent. With increasing frequency, VSWR and insertion loss increase while isolation decreases.

All data sheets specify these three parameters as "worst case" at the highest operating frequency. If the switch is to be used over a narrow frequency band, better performance can be achieved.

Actuator Current vs Temperature

The resistance of the actuator coil varies as a function of temperature. There is an inverse relationship between the operating temperature of the switch and the actuator drive current. For switches operating at 28 VDC, the approximate actuator drive current at temperature, T, can be calculated using the equation:

$$I_{T} = \frac{I_{A}}{[1 + .00385 (T-20)]}$$

Where:

 I_T = Actuator current at temperature, T

I_A = Room temperature actuator current – see data sheet

T = Temperature of interest in °C

Magnetic Sensitivity

An electromechanical switch can be sensitive to ferrous materials and external magnetic fields. Neighboring ferrous materials should be permitted no closer than 0.5 inches and adjacent external magnetic fields should be limited to a flux density of less than 5 Gauss.