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### SUITABLE FOR IEEE STANDARD 488-1978 (GPIB)†

- 8-Channel Bidirectional Transceivers
- **Designed to Implement Control Bus** Interface
- **Designed for Single Controller**
- **High-Speed Advanced Low-Power Schottky** Circuitry
- Low Power Dissipation:

SN55ALS161...59 mW Max Per Channel SN75ALS161 . . . 46 mW Max Per Channel

**Fast Propagation Times:** SN55ALS161 . . . 25 ns Max

SN75ALS161 . . . 20 ns Max

- **High-Impedance pnp Inputs**
- **Receiver Hysteresis:**

SN55ALS161 . . . 550 mV Typ SN75ALS161 . . . 650 mV Typ

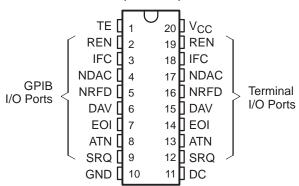
- **Bus-Terminating Resistors Provided on Driver Outputs**
- No Loading of Bus When Device Is Powered Down ( $V_{CC} = 0$ )
- Power-Up/Power-Down Protection (Glitch Free)

### description

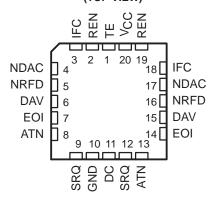
SN55ALS161 SN75ALS161 and eight-channel general-purpose interface bus transceivers are high-speed, advanced low-power Schottky-process devices designed to provide the bus-management and data-transfer operating signals between units single-controller instrumentation system. When combined with the SN55ALS160 SN75ALS160 octal bus transceivers, these devices provide a complete 16-wire interface for the IEEE 488 bus.

The SN55ALS161 and SN75ALS161 devices feature eight driver-receiver pairs connected in a front-to-back configuration to form input/output (I/O) ports at both the bus and terminal sides. The direction of data through these driver-receiver pairs is determined by the direction-control (DC) and talk-enable (TE) signals.

SN55ALS161...J OR W PACKAGE SN75ALS161 . . . DW OR N PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### SN55ALS161 . . . FK PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### **CHANNEL-IDENTIFICATION TABLE**

NAME	IDENTITY	CLASS						
DC	Direction Control	Control						
TE	Talk Enable	Control						
ATN	Attention							
SRQ	Service Request	_						
REN	Remote Enable	Bus						
IFC	Interface Clear	Management						
EOI	End or Identify							
DAV	Data Valid							
NDAC	Not Data Accepted	Data Transfer						
NRFD	Not Ready for Data	Transiei						



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

† The transceivers are suitable for IEEE Standard 488 applications to the extent of the operating conditions and characteristics specified in this data sheet. Certain limits contained in the IEEE specification are not met or cannot be tested over the entire military temperature range.



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### description (continued)

The driver outputs general-purpose interface bus (GPIB I/O ports) feature active bus-terminating resistor circuits designed to provide a high impedance to the bus when  $V_{CC} = 0$ . The drivers are designed to handle sink-current loads up to 48 mA. Each receiver features pnp transistor inputs for high input impedance and hysteresis of 400 mV on the commercial part, 250 mV on the military part, minimum, for increased noise immunity. All receivers have 3-state outputs to present a high impedance to the terminal when disabled.

The SN55ALS161 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN75ALS161 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

## FUNCTION TABLE RECEIVE/TRANSMIT

CONTROLS			BUS	BUS-MANAGEMENT CHANNELS				DATA-TRANSFER CHANNELS			
DC	TE	ATN†	ATN <sup>†</sup> SRQ REN IFC EOI (CONTROLLED BY DC)				EOI	DAV NDAC NRFD (CONTROLLED BY TE)			
Н	Н	Н	R	т	R	R	Т	_	R	R	
Н	Н	L	I K	ı	K	K	R	ļ ļ	K	K	
L	L	Н	_	R	т	т	R	R	т	т	
L	L	L	'	K	'	1	Т	K		ı	
Н	L	Х	R	Т	R	R	R	R	Т	Т	
L	Н	Χ	Т	R	Т	Т	Т	Т	R	R	

H = high level, L = low level, R = receive, T = transmit, X = irrelevant

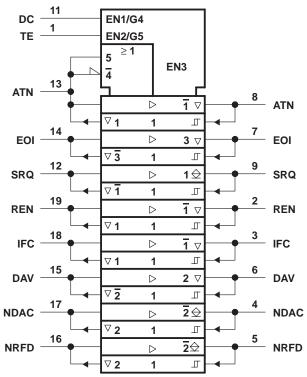


Direction of data transmission is from the terminal side to the bus side, and the direction of data receiving is from the bus side to the terminal side.

Data transfer is noninverting in both directions.

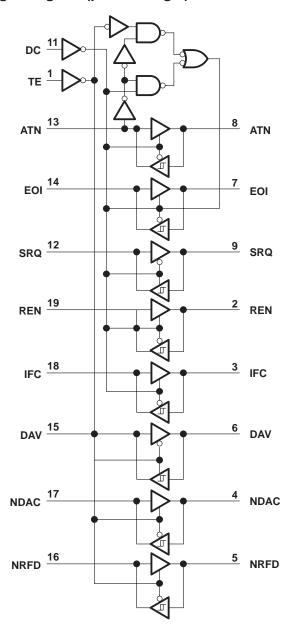
<sup>†</sup> ATN is a normal transceiver channel that functions additionally as an internal direction control or talk enable for EOI whenever the DC and TE inputs are in the same state. When DC and TE are in opposite states, the ATN channel functions as an independent transceiver only.

### logic symbol†



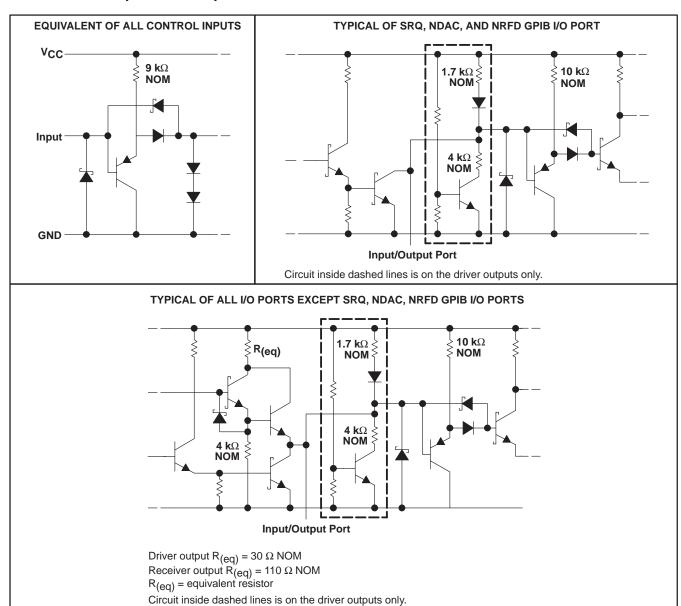
<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

### logic diagram (positive logic)



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### schematics of inputs and outputs



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### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage Var (coo Note 1)	7 \/
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub>	
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 2): D\	W package 58°C/W
N	package 69°C/W
Case temperature for 60 seconds: FK package, T <sub>0</sub>	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from the cas	se for 60 seconds: J or W package 300°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from the cas	se for 10 seconds: DW or N package 260°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>sta</sub>	

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	OPERATING FACTOR	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	275 mW
J	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	275 mW
W	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	200 mW

### SN55ALS161 recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>		4.75	5	5 5.25 V	
	TE and DC at $T_A = -55^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$	2			
High-level input voltage, V <sub>IH</sub>	Bus and terminal at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C to 125°C	2			V
	Bus and terminal at T <sub>A</sub> = −55°C	2.1			
	TE and DC at $T_A = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $125^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.8	
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub>	Bus and terminal at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ to $-55^{\circ}C$			0.8	V
	Bus and terminal at T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C			0.7	
High level output ourrent leve	Bus ports with pullups active (V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V)			-5.2	mA
High-level output current, IOH	Terminal ports			-800	μΑ
Low lovel output ourrent les	Bus ports			48	mA
Low-level output current, IOL Terminal ports		16	IIIA		
Operating free-air temperature, TA		-55		125	°C

NOTES: 1. All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

<sup>2.</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

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### SN75ALS161 recommended operating conditions

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>				5	5.25	V
High-level input voltage, VIH			2			V
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub>					0.8	V
I Park I and a stand a sum of 1	Bus ports with pullups active				-5.2	mA
High-level output current, IOH	Terminal ports				-800	μΑ
Low-level output current, IOL	Bus ports				48	Λ
	Terminal ports				16	mA
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>			0		70	°C

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## electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS <sup>†</sup>		SN55ALS161			SN75ALS161			UNIT	
	PARAMETER	ζ.	IESI	CONDITIONS	51	MIN	TYP <sup>‡</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>‡</sup>	MAX	UNIT
٧ıK	Input clamp vo	ltage	I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA	= –18 mA			-0.8	-1.5		-0.8	-1.5	V
	Hysteresis	Bus							0.4	0.65		
V <sub>hys</sub>	voltage	Bus	$V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,	$T_A = -55^{\circ}C$	and 25°C	0.4	0.55					V
	$(V_{IT+}-V_{IT-})$	Dus	$V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,	$T_A = 125^{\circ}C$		0.25						
		Terminal	I <sub>OH</sub> = - 800 μA,	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C and MAX	2.7	3.5		2.7	3.5		
VOH§	High-level output				$T_A = MIN$	2.5	3.5		2.7	3.5		V
VOH3	voltage	Bus	$I_{OH} = -5.2 \text{ mA},$	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C and MAX	2.2			2.2			
					$T_A = MIN$	2.0			2.2			
.,	Low-level	Terminal	I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA,	$V_{CC} = MIN$			0.3	0.5		0.3	0.5	.,
VOL	output voltage	Bus	I <sub>OL</sub> = 48 mA¶,	V <sub>C</sub> C = MIN			0.35	0.5		0.35	0.5	V
lį	Input current at maximum input voltage	Terminal	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX			0.2	100		0.2	100	μΑ
lіН	High-level input current	Terminal and	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.7 V,	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX			0.1	20		0.1	20	μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.5 V,	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX			-30	-100		-10	-100	μΑ
	V-11	D 1/O = -=1	Driver disabled,			2.5	3	3.7	2.5	3	3.7	V
V <sub>I/O</sub>	Voltage at GPI	B I/O port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V (SN55')	I <sub>I(bus)</sub> = -12	mA			-1.5			-1.5	V
				$V_{I(bus)} = -1.$	5 V to 0.4 V	-1.3			-1.3			
				$V_{I(bus)} = 0.4$		0		-3.2	0		-3.2	
I <sub>I/O</sub>	Current into GPIB I/O	Power on	Driver disabled, VCC = 5 V (SN55')	V <sub>I(bus)</sub> = 2.5				2.5 -3.2			2.5 -3.2	mA
.,, 0	port		(61100)	$V_{I(bus)} = 3.7$	V to 5 V	0		2.5	0		2.5	
				V <sub>I(bus)</sub> = 5 V	to 5.5 V	0.7		2.5	0.7		2.5	
		Power off	VCC = 0	$V_{I(bus)} = 0 to$	2.5 V			40			40	μΑ
los§	Short-circuit	Terminal	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX			-15	-35	-75	-15	-35	-75	mA
iOS3	output current	Bus	VCC = WAX			-25	<b>-</b> 50	-125	-25	-50	-125	IIIA
ICC	Supply current		No load,	TE and DC lo			55	90		55	75	mA
C <sub>I/O</sub>	GPIB I/O port capacitance		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 to 5 V,	$V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ to } 2$	V, f = 1 MHz		30			30		pF

<sup>†</sup> For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.



<sup>‡</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V,  $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}$ C. §  $V_{OH}$  and  $I_{OS}$  apply to 3-state outputs only. ¶ For SN55',  $I_{OL} = 24$  mA at  $-55^{\circ}$ C.

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### SN55ALS161 switching characteristics, $V_{CC}$ = 5 V and $C_L$ = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub> †	MIN TY	YP‡	MAX	UNIT
tpLH	Propagation delay time,				25°C		10	17	
PLH	low- to high-level output		Bus (Except SRQ, NDAC,	See Figure 1	Full range			20	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time,	Terrima	and NRFD)	Coo rigulo r	25°C		10	14	110
PHL	high- to low-level output				Full range			18	
tPLH	Propagation delay time,				25°C			25	
'F LIT	low- to high-level output	Terminal	Bus (NRFD,	See Figure 2	Full range			37	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time,		SRQ, NDAC)	cooringuity =	25°C		10	14	
TIL	high- to low-level output				Full range			19	
tPLH	Propagation delay time,				25°C		10	15	
1 [1]	low- to high-level output	Bus	Terminal	See Figure 2	Full range			22	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time,				25°C		10	15	
1111	high- to low-level output				Full range			24	
tPZH	Output enable time to high level				25°C		20	30	
1 211					Full range			52	ns
tPHZ	Output disable time from high		D (ATN)		25°C		8	14	
TIL	level	TE or DC	Bus (ATN, REN, IFC, and DAV)	See Figure 3	Full range			18	
tPZL	Output enable time to low level			Cooringuity	25°C		16	28	
TZL					Full range			44	
tPLZ	Output disable time from low				25°C		10	19	
TLZ	level				Full range			30	
tPZH	Output enable time to high level				25°C		24	30	
1 211					Full range			64	ns
tPHZ	Output disable time from high				25°C		13	19	
TIL	level	TE or DC	Bus (EOI)	See Figure 3	Full range			30	
tPZL	Output enable time to low level,			Cooringuity	25°C		21	35	
'PZL					Full range			54	
tPLZ	Output disable time from low				25°C		13	20	
,F LZ	level				Full range			40	
tPZH	Output enable time to high level				25°C		24	36	
,РДП					Full range			70	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Output disable time from high				25°C		12	20	
'P'IIZ	level	TE or DC	Terminal	See Figure 4	Full range			40	ns
tPZL	Output enable time to low level		.5	Joon Igalo 4	25°C		20	34	5
,FZL	Carpat oriable time to low love				Full range			56	
tPLZ	Output disable time from low				25°C		13	24	
	level				Full range			43	



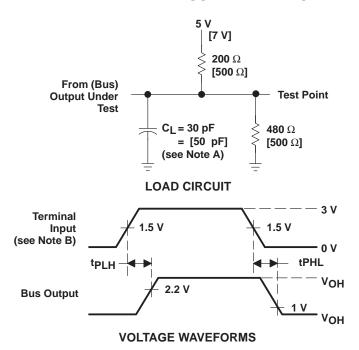
<sup>†</sup> Full range is  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C. ‡ All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V.

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# SN75ALS161 switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$

	PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	түр†	MAX	UNIT
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	Terminal	Bus	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF,		10	20	20
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	reminal		See Figure 1		12	20	ns
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	Bus	Terminal	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF,		5	10	
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	Bus		See Figure 2		7	14	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH	Output enable time to high level		Bus (ATN, EOI,				30	
tPHZ	Output disable time from high level	TE or DC		C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF, See Figure 3			20	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output enable time to low level	TE OF DC	REN, IFC, and DAV)				45	115
<sup>t</sup> PLZ	Output disable time from low level		,				20	
<sup>t</sup> PZH	Output enable time to high level						30	
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	Output disable time from high level	TE or DC	Terminal	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF,			25	ns
tPZL	Output enable time to low level	TEGIDO	Temilia	See Figure 4			30	119
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output disable time from low level						25	

 $<sup>\</sup>uparrow$  All typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.



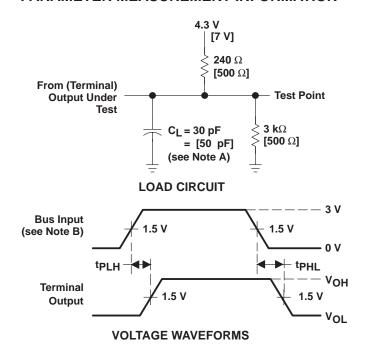
[] denotes the SN55ALS161 military test conditions.

NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  6 ns,  $t_{f} \leq$  6 ns,  $t_{CO} = 50 \Omega$ .

Figure 1. Terminal-to-Bus Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



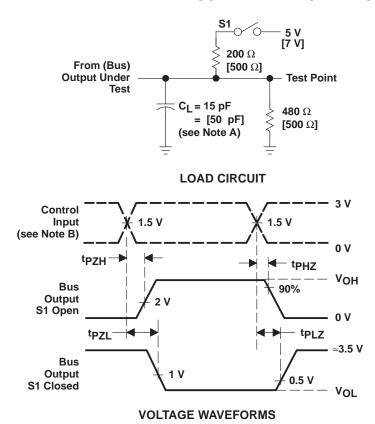


[] denotes the SN55ALS161 military test conditions.

NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  6 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  8 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  9 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 

Figure 2. Bus-to-Terminal Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

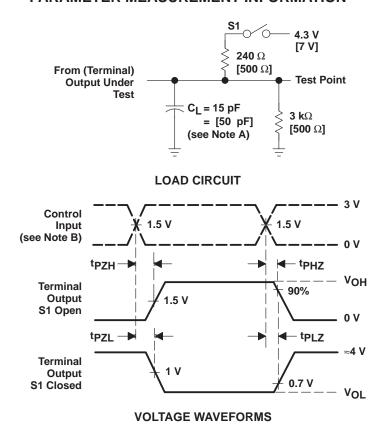


[] denotes the SN55ALS161 military test conditions.

NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq$  6 ns,  $t_f \leq$  6 ns,  $Z_Q = 50 \Omega$ .

Figure 3. Bus Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



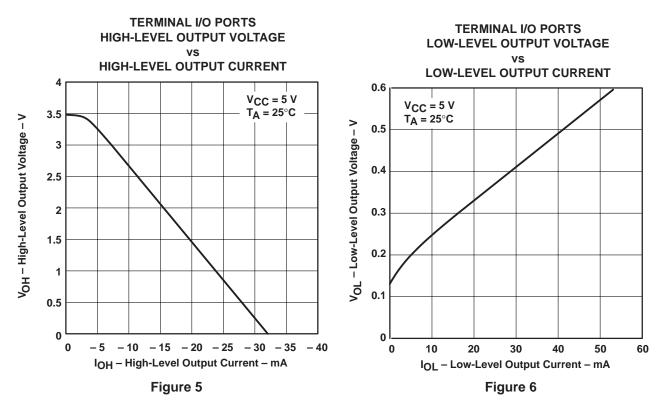
[] denotes the SN55ALS161 military test conditions.

NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  6 ns,  $t_{\tilde{\Gamma}} \leq$  7 ns,  $t_{\tilde{\Gamma}} \leq$  8 ns,  $t_{\tilde{\Gamma}} \leq$  9 ns,  $t_{\tilde{\Gamma}} \leq$  9

Figure 4. Terminal Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>



## TERMINAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs

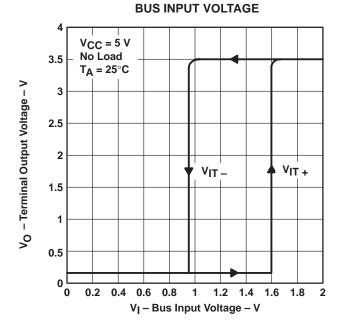
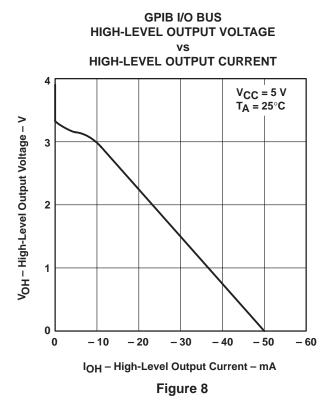


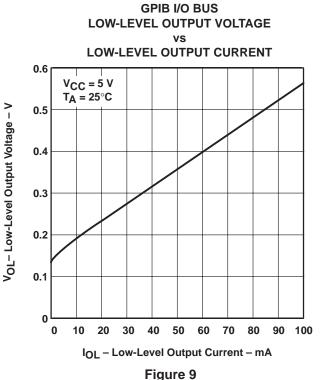
Figure 7

<sup>†</sup> Operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied.



### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†





**GPIB I/O BUS** 

BUS OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
TERMINAL INPUT VOLTAGE

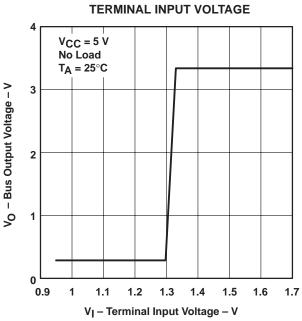
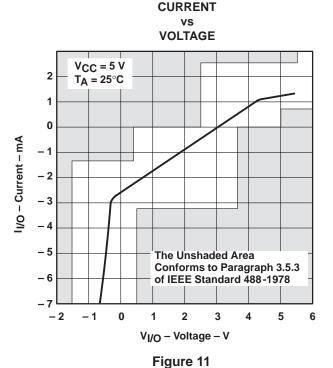


Figure 10



† Operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied.

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