August 1998

100328

Low Power Octal ECL/TTL Bi-Directional Translator with Latch

General Description

The 100328 is an octal latched bi-directional translator designed to convert TTL logic levels to 100K ECL logic levels and vice versa. The direction of this translation is determined by the DIR input. A LOW on the output enable input (OE) holds the ECL outputs in a cut-off state and the TTL outputs at a high impedance level. A HIGH on the latch enable input (LE) latches the data at both inputs even though only one output is enabled at the time. A LOW on LE makes the 100328 transparent.

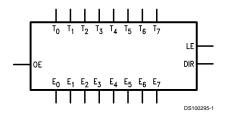
The cut-off state is designed to be more negative than a normal ECL LOW level. This allows the output emitter-followers to turn off when the termination supply is -2.0V, presenting a high impedance to the data bus. This high impedance reduces termination power and prevents loss of low state noise margin when several loads share the bus.

The 100328 is designed with FAST® TTL output buffers, featuring optimal DC drive and capable of quickly charging and discharging highly capacitive loads. All inputs have 50 k Ω pull-down resistors.

Features

- Identical performance to the 100128 at 50% of the supply current
- Bi-directional translation
- 2000V ESD protection
- Latched outputs
- FAST TTL outputs
- TRI-STATE® outputs
- Voltage compensated operating range = -4.2V to -5.7V
- Available to MIL-STD-883

Logic Symbol



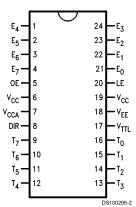
Pin Names	Description
E ₀ -E ₇ T ₀ -T ₇	ECL Data I/O
T ₀ -T ₇	TTL Data I/O
OE	Output Enable Input
LE	Latch Enable Input
DIR	Direction Control Input

All pins function at 100K ECL levels except for T₀-T₇.

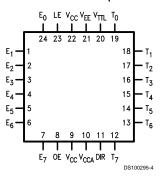
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Connection Diagrams

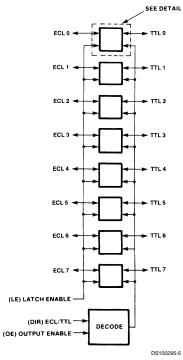
24-Pin DIP



24-Pin Quad Cerpak

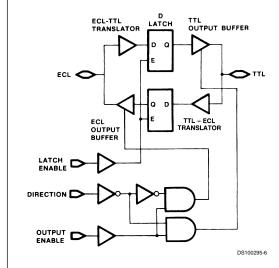


Functional Diagram



Note: LE, DIR, and OE use ECL logic levels

Detail



Truth Table

OE	DIR	LE	ECL	TTL	Notes	
			Port	Port		
L	Х	L	LOW	Z		
			(Cut-Off)			
L	L	Н	Input	Z	(Notes 1, 3)	
L	Н	Н	LOW	Input	(Notes 2, 3)	
			(Cut-Off)			
Н	L	L	L	L	(Notes 1, 4)	
Н	L	L	Н	Н	(Notes 1, 4)	
Н	L	Н	Х	Latched	(Notes 1, 3)	
Н	Н	L	L	L	(Notes 2, 4)	
Н	Н	L	Н	Н	(Notes 2, 4)	
Н	Н	Н	Latched	Х	(Notes 2, 4)	

H = HIGH Voltage Level L = LOW Voltage Level X = Don't Care

Z = High Impedance

Note 1: ECL input to TTL output mode. Note 2: TTL input to ECL output mode.

Note 3: Retains data present before LE set HIGH.

Note 4: Latch is transparent.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 5)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature (T_{STG}) $-65^{\circ}C$ to +150 $^{\circ}C$

Maximum Junction Temperature (T_J)

Ceramic +175°C

 V_{EE} Pin Potential to

Ground Pin -7.0V to +0.5V

 V_{TTL} Pin Potential to

Ground Pin -0.5V to +6.0V

ECL Input Voltage (DC) V_{EE} to +0.5V

ECL Output Current

(DC Output HIGH) -50 mA

TTL Input Voltage (Note 7) -0.5V to +6.0V

TTL Input Current (Note 7) —30 mA to +5.0 mA

Voltage Applied to Output in HIGH State

TRI-STATE Output -0.5V to +5.5V

Current Applied to TTL

ESD (Note 6) ≥2000V

Recommended Operating Conditions

Case Temperature (T_C)

Military -55°C to +125°C

ECL Supply Voltage (V_{EE}) -5.7 V to -4.2 V TTL Supply Voltage (V_{TTL}) +4.5 V to +5.5 V

Note 5: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device may be damaged or have its useful life impaired. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

Note 6: ESD testing conforms to MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.

Note 7: Either voltage limit or current limit is sufficient to protect inputs.

Military Version TTL-to-ECL DC Electrical Characteristics

 V_{EE} = -4.2V to -5.7V, V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND, T_{C} = -55°C to +125°C, V_{TTL} = +4.5V to +5.5V

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	T _C	Conditions		Notes	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	-1025	-870	mV	0°C to		Loading with	(Notes 8, 9	
					+125°C		50Ω to -2.0V	10)	
		-1085	-870	mV	−55°C	V _{IN} = V _{IH} (Max)			
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1620	mV	0°C to	or V _{IL} (Min)			
					+125°C				
		-1830	-1555	mV	−55°C	-			
	Cutoff Voltage		-1950	mV	0°C to				
					+125°C	OE or DIR Low			
			-1850	mV	−55°C				
V _{OHC}	Output HIGH Voltage	-1035		mV	0°C to			(Notes 8, 9	
					+125°C			10)	
		-1085		mV	−55°C	V _{IN} = V _{IH} (Min)	Loading with		
V _{OLC}	Output LOW Voltage		-1610	mV	0°C to	or V _{IL} (Max)	50Ω0 to -2.0V		
					+125°C				
			-1555	mV	−55°C				
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	2.0		V	−55°C to	Over V _{TTL} , V _{EE} , T _C Range		(Notes 8, 9,	
		+125°C			10, 11)				
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage		0.8	V	−55°C to	Over V _{TTL} , V _{EE} , T _C Range		(Notes 8, 9,	
					+125°C			10, 11)	
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current		70	μA	−55°C to	V _{IN} = +2.7V		(Notes 8, 9,	
					125°C			10)	
	Breakdown Test		1.0	mA	−55°C to	""			
					+125°C				
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current	-1.0		mA	−55°C to	V _{IN} = +0.5V		(Notes 8, 9	
					+125°C			10)	
V_{FCD}	Input Clamp	-1.2		V	−55°C to	I _{IN} = -18 mA		(Notes 8, 9	
	Diode Voltage				+125° C			10)	
I _{EE}	V _{EE} Supply Current					LE Low, OE and D	IR High	(Notes 8, 9	
					−55°C to	Inputs Open		10)	
		-165	-73	mA	+125°C	$V_{EE} = -4.2V \text{ to } -4.8V$			
		-175	-73			$V_{EE} = -4.2V \text{ to } -5$			

Military Version ECL-to-TTL DC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{EE} = -4.2V \text{ to } -5.7V, V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = \text{GND}, T_{C} = -55^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}, C_{L} = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{TTL} = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	T _C	Conditions	Notes
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	2.5		mV	0°C to +125°C	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}, V_{TTL} = 4.50V$	(Notes 8, 9, 10)
		2.4			−55°C		
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage		0.5	mV	−55°C	I_{OL} = 24 mA, V_{TTL} = 4.50V	
					+125°C		
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	-1165	-870	mV	−55°C	Guaranteed HIGH Signal	(Notes 8, 9, 10, 11)
					+125°C	for All Inputs	
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	-1830	-1475	mV	−55°C to	Guaranteed LOW Signal	(Notes 8, 9, 10, 11)
					+125°C	for All Inputs	
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current		350	μA	0°C to	V _{EE} = -5.7V	(Notes 8, 9, 10)
			500		+125°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} (Max)$	
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.50		μΑ	−55°C to	V _{EE} = -4.2V	(Notes 8, 9, 10)
					+125°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IL} (Min)$	
I _{OZHT}	TRI-STATE Current		70	μA	−55°C to	V _{OUT} = +2.7V	(Notes 8, 9, 10)
	Output High				+125°C		
I _{OZLT}	TRI-STATE Current	-1.0		mA	−55°C to	V _{OUT} = +0.5V	(Notes 8, 9, 10)
	Output Low				+125°C		
Ios	Output Short-Circuit	-150	-60	mA	−55°C to	$V_{OUT} = 0.0V, V_{TTL} = +5.5V$	(Notes 8, 9, 10)
	CURRENT				+125°C		
I _{TTL}	V _{TTL} Supply Current		75	mA	−55°C to	TTL Outputs Low	(Notes 8, 9, 10)
			50	mA	+125°C	TTL Output High	
			70	mA		TTL Output in TRI-STATE	

Note 8: F100K 300 Series cold temperature testing is performed by temperature soaking (to guarantee junction temperature equals -55°C), then testing immediately without allowing for the junction temperature to stabilize due to heat dissipation after power-up. This provides "cold start" specs which can be considered a worst case condition at cold temperatures.

Note 9: Screen tested 100% on each device at -55°C, +25°C, and +125°C, Subgroups, 1, 2 3, 7, and 8.

Note 10: Sample tested (Method 5005, Table I) on each manufactured lot at -55°C, +25°C, and +125°C, Subgroups A1, 2, 3, 7, and 8.

Note 11: Guaranteed by applying specified input condition and testing V_{OH}/V_{OL}.

Military Version TTL-to-ECL AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{\rm EE}$ = -4.2V to -5.7V, $V_{\rm TTL}$ = +4.5V to +5.5V, $V_{\rm CC}$ = $V_{\rm CCA}$ = GND

Symbol	Parameter	T _C =	−55°C	T _c =	25°C	T _C = +125°C		Units	Conditions	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
t _{PLH}	T _N to E _n	0.8	3.4	1.1	3.6	0.8	3.7	ns	Figures 1, 2	(Notes 12,
t_{PHL}	(Transparent)							ns		13, 14)
t _{PLH}	LE to E _n	1.2	3.8	1.4	3.7	1.1	3.8	ns	Figures 1, 2	
t_{PHL}								ns		
t _{PZH}	OE to E _n	0.8	3.6	1.5	4.0	2.0	5.2	ns	Figures 1, 2	(Notes 12,
	(Cutoff to HIGH)									13, 14)
t _{PHZ}	OE to E _n	1.5	4.6	1.6	4.2	1.6	4.3	ns	Figures 1, 2	
	(HIGH to Cutoff)									
t _{PHZ}	DIR to E _n	1.6	4.7	1.6	4.3	1.7	4.3	ns	Figures 1, 2	
	(HIGH to Cutoff)									
t _{set}	T _n to LE	2.5		2.0		2.5		ns	Figures 1, 2	(Note 15)
t _{hold}	T _n to LE	2.5		2.0		2.5		ns	Figures 1, 2	
t _{pw} (H)	Pulse Width LE	2.5		2.0		2.5		ns	Figures 1, 2	(Note 15)
t _{TLH}	Transition Time	0.4	2.3	0.5	2.1	0.4	2.4	ns	Figures 1, 2	(Note 15)
t _{THL}	20% to 80%, 80% to 20%									

Military Version ECL-to-TTL AC Electrical Characteristics

 $\rm V_{EE}$ = -4.2V to -5.7V, $\rm V_{TTL}$ = +4.5V to +5.5V, $\rm V_{CC}$ = $\rm V_{CCA}$ = GND, $\rm C_L$ = 50 pF

Symbol	Parameter	T _C =	-55°C	T _C =	25°C	T _C =	T _C = +125°C		Conditions	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	1		
t _{PLH}	E _n to T _n	2.1	6.0	2.0	5.6	2.2	6.3	ns	Figures 1, 2	(Notes 12, 13,
t _{PHL}	(Transparent)									14)
t _{PLH}	LE to T _n	3.1	7.0	3.1	6.5	3.3	7.5	ns	Figures 3, 4	
t _{PHL}										
t _{PZH}	OE to T _n	3.2	8.0	3.7	8.0	4.0	9.2	ns	Figures 3, 4	(Notes 12, 13,
t _{PZL}	(Enable Time)	3.6	8.0	4.0	8.5	4.3	9.6			14)
t _{PHZ}	OE to T _n	3.2	8.5	3.3	8.0	3.5	8.4	ns	Figures 3, 5	
t _{PLZ}	(Disable Time)	3.0	8.0	3.4	7.5	4.1	10.0			
t _{PHZ}	DIR to T _n	2.6	7.0	2.6	7.0	2.9	8.0	ns	Figures 3, 6	
t _{PLZ}	(Disable Time)	2.7	7.0	3.1	7.0	4.0	10.0			
t _{set}	E _n to LE	2.5		2.0		2.5		ns	Figures 3, 4	(Note 15)
t _{hold}	E _n to LE	3.0		2.5		3.0		ns	Figures 3, 4	
t _{pw} (H)	Pulse Width LE	2.5		2.0		5.0		ns	Figures 3, 4	(Note 15)

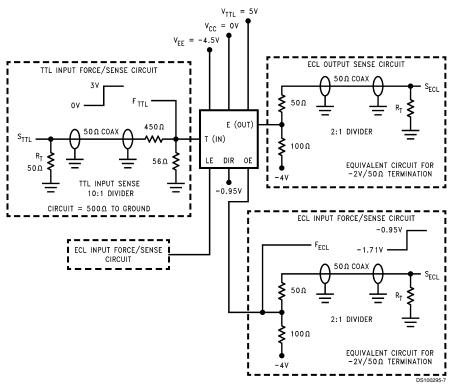
Note 12: F100K 300 Series cold temperature testing is performed by temperature soaking (to guarantee junction temperature equals -55°C), then testing immediately after power-up. This provides "cold start" specs which can be considered a worst case condition at cold temperatures.

Note 13: Screen tested 100% on each device at +25°C, temperature only, Subgroup A9.

Note 14: Sample tested (Method 5005, Table I) on each mfg. lot at +25°C, Subgroup A9, and at +125°C and -55°C temperatures, Subgroups A10 and A11.

Note 15: Not tested at +25°C, +125°C and -55°C temperature (design characterization data).

Test Circuitry (TTL-to-ECL)



Note 16: $R_t = 50\Omega$ termination. When an input or output is being monitored by a scope, R_t is supplied by the scope's 50Ω resistance. When an input or output is not being monitored, an external 50Ω resistance must be applied to serve as R_t .

Note 17: TTL and ECL force signals are brought to the DUT via 50Ω coax lines.

Note 18: V_{TTL} is decoupled to ground with 0.1 μ F to ground, V_{EE} is decoupled to ground with 0.01 μ F and V_{CC} is connected to ground.

Note 19: For ECL input pins, the equivelent force/sense circuitry is optional.

FIGURE 1. TTL-to-ECL AC Test Circuit

Switching Waveforms (TTL-to-ECL)

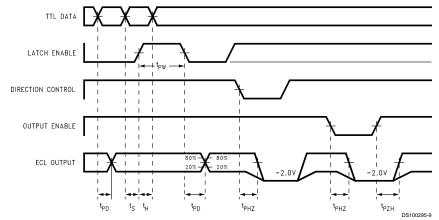
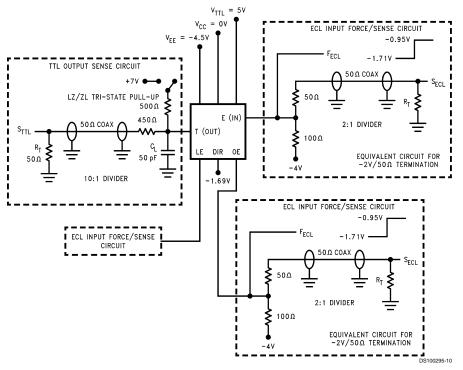


FIGURE 2. TTL to ECL Transition — Propagation Delay and Transition Times

Test Circuitry (ECL-to-TTL)



Note 20: $R_t = 50\Omega$ termination. When an input or output is being monitored by a scope, R_t is supplied by the scope's 50Ω resistance. When an input or output is not being monitored, an external 50Ω resistance must be applied to serve as R_t .

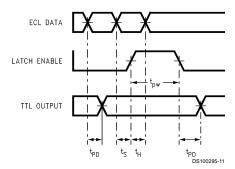
Note 21: The TTL TRI-STATE pull up switch is connected to +7V only for ZL and LZ tests.

Note 22: TTL and ECL force signals are brought to the DUT via 50Ω coax lines.

Note 23: V_{TTL} is decoupled to ground with 0.1 μ F, V_{EE} is decoupled to ground with 0.01 μ F and V_{CC} is connected to ground.

FIGURE 3. ECL-to-TTL AC Test Circuit

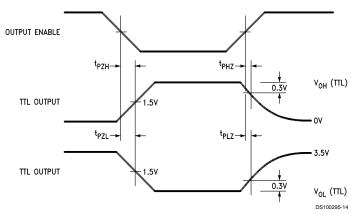
Switching Waveforms (ECL-to-TTL)



Note 24: DIR is LOW, and OE is HIGH

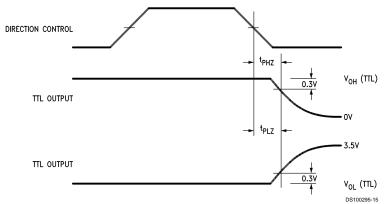
FIGURE 4. ECL-to-TTL Transition — Propagation Delay and Transition Times

Switching Waveforms (ECL-to-TTL) (Continued)



Note 25: DIR is LOW, LE is HIGH

FIGURE 5. ECL-to-TTL Transition, OE to TTL Output, Enable and Disable Times



Note 26: OE is HIGH, LE is HIGH

FIGURE 6. ECL-to-TTL Transition, DIR to TTL Output, Disable Time

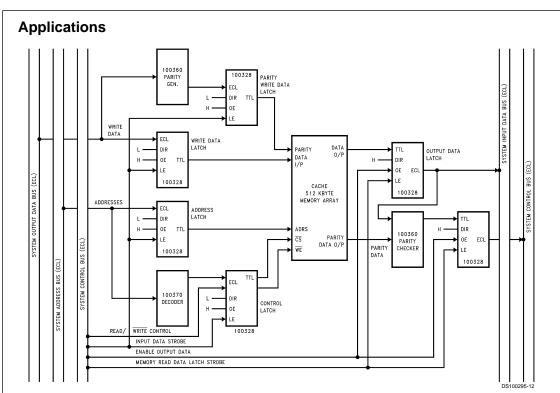
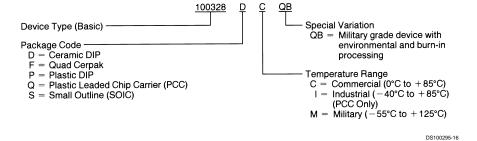
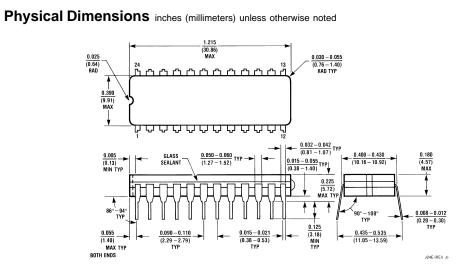


FIGURE 7. Applications Diagram — MOS/TTL SRAM Interface Using 100328 ECL-TTL Latched Translator

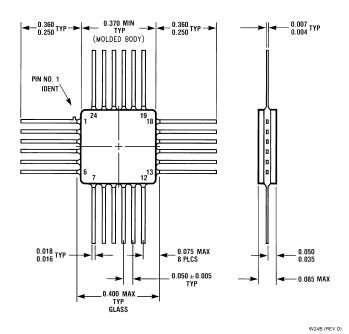
Ordering Information

The device number is used to form part of a simplified purchasing code where A package type and temperature range are defined as follows:





24-Lead Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package (0.400" Wide) (D)
NS Package Number J24E



24-Lead Quad Cerpak (F) NS Package Number W24B

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